

## Ephesians 4E

- In our previous study, Paul asked the believers in Ephesus not to walk as they once did when they lived as unbelievers
  - Paul uses the metaphor of a journey by foot, a “walk,” to represent the course of an earthly life
    - In vs.17-19 Paul described the walk of an unbeliever from God’s point of view
    - “Gentiles,” Paul called unbelievers, walk in futility of mind
    - Their thinking is vane, futile
    - Because they assume they understand life’s purpose and meaning, but they walk in the dark
  - The world chases wrong things in wrong ways out of ignorance, and after all is said and done, they just return to dust
    - Paul said their minds are darkened in their understanding of truth
    - Which is a way of describing the spiritual blindness that all people possess at birth, which prevents them from knowing God
    - They are excluded from eternal life, because of their blindness
    - And over the course of their lives, their conscience becomes increasing callous, increasingly greedy for sensuality in all forms
  - Paul moved his audience through this progression to make a point of how thinking drives behavior
    - The world’s ignorance of God and their callous hearts explain their wanton life of sin
    - An unbeliever’s mind is trapped by a perspective, a view of self and the world that justifies pursuing a lifestyle of greed, violence, lust and hatred
    - They walk according to what they know
    - Unless God intervenes to bring a person to a knowledge of the truth, they will remain in the darkness

- On the other hand, a person who has received the truth by means of the Spirit gains an understanding of God that can transform their walk of life
  - Which is where Paul goes next...speaking of how believers should live

[Eph. 4:20](#) But you did not learn Christ in this way,

[Eph. 4:21](#) if indeed you have heard Him and have been taught in Him, just as truth is in Jesus,

[Eph. 4:22](#) that, in reference to your former manner of life, you lay aside the old self, which is being corrupted in accordance with the lusts of deceit,

[Eph. 4:23](#) and that you be renewed in the spirit of your mind,

[Eph. 4:24](#) and put on the new self, which in the likeness of God has been created in righteousness and holiness of the truth.

- Paul opens saying the the church did not learn Christ “in this way”
  - He’s speaking of the way the unbelieving learn their walk of life
    - Unbelievers walk by stumbling in spiritual darkness
    - They learn their walk according to the flesh, which drives them from one lustful desire to another
    - They have no spiritual compass, so the flesh rules
    - And this was our walk prior to faith too
  - But now Paul says you have a new walk, a walk with Christ, but you and I don’t learn our walk in the same way that unbelievers learn their walk
    - We don’t learn to walk with Christ by paying attention to the desires of the flesh
    - Our direction in life comes from the spirit
    - Yet some Christians fail to make this leap...they continue to walk according to what their flesh wants
    - The Bible has a term for a Christian who walks in Christ the same way they walked prior to faith: a carnal Christian
  - The word carnal literally means flesh
    - It’s the name the Bible gives to a believer who charts their path in life by paying attention to the desires of the flesh

- Certainly all of us experience a degree of carnality
- All of us follow after the desires of our flesh from time to time
- And none of us are free of the temptations the flesh brings
- But the question Paul is asking the church this morning is are we letting our flesh drive our path in life?
  - Is carnality the rule or the exception?
  - Are we moving toward a new path, growing in a closer walk with Christ
  - Or are we trying to learn Christ the way we learned our prior life?
- Paul says we do not learn Christ the world learns, that is, with our flesh leading the way
  - We learn Christ by the spirit as a matter of God's grace
    - And notice Paul didn't say learn Christianity or learn obedience or learn piety
    - He said learn Christ, because we're talking about a walk of knowing Him Who dwells in us
    - Knowing His character, His love, His mercy, His expectations, His values, His call on our lives
  - A believer's call is to know Christ fully, which is a lifelong process
    - And if it's a true pursuit, it's a pursuit of spirit
    - For that's the only way to know Christ truly
  - That's why Paul adds in v.21 if his audience had, in fact, heard Christ in their hearts
    - The person who has merely learned Christ in a physical, fleshly sense is still an unbeliever
    - That kind of learning is head knowledge without spiritual understanding, which is not a saving knowledge of Christ
  - In that sense, the flesh can pursue Christ in the same way it pursues any other sensuality
    - Pursuing religion rather than relationship is a common tragedy

- We see it everyday among Catholics, Mormons, JW's, and other false faiths
- They invoke the name of Jesus but don't know the true Gospel
- Since they try to learn Christ in the flesh, they learn nothing, and so their fleshly pursuit leaves them just as lost as before
- But we have been taught the truth "in Him" Paul says in v.21
  - As one who has heard the true Gospel and has received it in the spirit, we are born again
    - We learn the truth in Jesus by the Spirit, and so our walk of life as a follower of Jesus must continue as it began...in the Spirit
    - Which begins by laying aside their old self, Paul says, which is that former manner of life
    - Manner of life in v.22 can also be translated lifestyle
  - Paul's choice of words suggests a garment being taken off, like an old coat
    - That garment represents an old way of thinking and with it comes an old way of behaving
    - Paul says those things are clinging to us, but we must take them off
  - So imagine at the moment you came to faith in Jesus Christ, your inner person was brought to life spiritually
    - By God's Spirit, we gained a new spirit that is sinless and obedient to His every word Paul says in Romans 6
    - But our new inner self is still cloaked in our old flesh nature, like a filthy overcoat
  - If we're going to walk properly with Christ, displaying His likeness in union with our brothers and sisters in the body, we need to jettison that old nature
    - Paul says we need to lay it aside, like someone taking off the old coat, setting it on the ground and walking off without it
    - Paul uses a Greek verb in the aorist infinitive form, which describes an ongoing imperative or command

- We are to ever more, continue laying aside the coat, as if we are removing the garment one tread at a time
- That coat represents our old life, the way we thought and walked in the flesh, the life we knew before Christ
  - We need to dump that old life like a cheap suit
  - But it's a life-long pursuit, and even Paul's choice of verb tense reflects that truth
  - We start today and each day we set aside the old self so that more of Christ living in us shines through
- That's the call of sanctification in the life of every believer
  - Before faith we were spiritually dead and the flesh ruled
    - Now we have access to the mind of Christ and have been given a spirit that desires to obey Him
    - That's how we learned Christ
    - Yet we're still clothed in a flesh that wants to draw us away from Christ
  - Paul says that flesh is even now being corrupted by its lustful desires
    - That process didn't stop when we became a believer
    - Your body is still in decay destined to return to dust
    - Our body is literally dying around us, a death made necessary by it's corrupt nature
  - So to stretch my analogy a bit further, if old coat is falling apart on us, why seek to preserve it?
    - Why try to hold it together?
    - Instead, take hold of those fraying threads and give a good pull to hasten it's unraveling
    - Ultimately the Lord will replace it, and even now we can diminish it's power in our lives
    - That's what Paul means when he says we must not learn Christ according to flesh, but we must lay that old self aside

- Now if only it were so easy, right?
  - We all know that when it comes to sin, the struggle is real
    - While some of us may be more successful in our struggles than others, no one is totally free of the fight
    - So how can Paul speak of this challenge so casually, as if to suggest its simply a matter of setting our mind to it
    - Well maybe it's a little simpler than we thought
  - The hard work is actually done by Jesus Himself
    - Paul says in v.23 be renewed in the spirit of our mind
    - To renew simply means to make something new,
  - We know we have already been made new spiritually by faith in Christ
    - We were born again in the spirit, and we received Christ's Spirit
    - But Paul says we must also be renewed in the spirit of our mind
  - The term "spirit of the mind" refers to our thinking, attitudes and outlook on life
    - Our thinking must now be made new, taught by that new spirit we received from Christ
    - The Greek verb translated "be renewed" is passive which means the work of changing our mind is done to us, not by us
    - We give ourselves over to the study of Christ in His word, and He creates the change in our thinking
    - He will renew our minds by His truth so that we gain a desire to live according to our Spirit
- As we are renewed in our minds, Paul says in v.24 we will put on a new self
  - This is the second key verb of action in this passage
    - In the first case, Paul said lay aside the old self, the old coat that hides our new spiritual self
    - That was a verb of action, calling for us to take steps to disassemble the old ways of life

- But we are not to learn Christ in the old way
- The old way hears the Bible say lay aside the old self, and we start making lists, drawing up plans, pledging commitments, etc.
  - Certainly some of these steps may be sensible and warranted in the face of ongoing sin
  - But real, lasting progress doesn't come from what we do in the flesh
  - We don't learn Christ this way
- Instead, we learn Christ spiritually, Paul says
  - And the key to setting aside the old is to obtain Christ-like thinking, which only comes from spiritual training in His word
  - And by that renewing we will put on the new self which is in the likeness of God
- Paul is presenting a beautiful pictures that contrasts our spiritual reality to our outward appearance
  - We learn Christ through an inward change of spirit, which is a work done by God alone
    - This is the saving work of knowing Christ by grace
    - Initially, at the moment our new spirit arrives, its obscured by our old, sinful flesh that covers the new inner person
    - In that sense, our sinful lifestyle is like a filthy garment hiding our new nature
  - So God asks us to lay aside the old self and put on the new self
    - Or in other words, we are called to make our outer appearance agree with the inner truth of who we have become in Christ
    - And it's a process of renewing our mind so that we think like Christ
    - Because if we think like Christ, we're more likely to act like Him
  - A few years ago it became fashionable to wear clothing that said WWJD (what would Jesus do?)

- The idea was to stir our conscience to think in godly ways to promote godly behavior
- It was a nice idea, but it had the wrong approach
- The bracelets should have asked WDJS (what did Jesus say?)
  - The key to obtaining a more godly walk is to begin to share Christ's thoughts and desires
  - And that transformation of our mind comes from allowing God's word replacing our own thoughts
  - Soon, the renewing of our mind leads us to a change in desires and a change of behavior
  - In time, we take on the likeness of God created in holiness, righteousness and truth, Paul says
- Perhaps you consider yourself a student of the Bible...I certainly like to think I am
  - And if so, you may be questioning this promise
    - You may look at your life and see plenty of sin
    - You know you continue to stumble and you're struggling to gain hold of it
    - And even as you continue to study scripture you continue to make the same old mistakes
  - So perhaps you wonder if renewing your mind in God's word is truly working in your case
    - May I suggest that the very fact you recognize your sin and are unhappy with it is proof in itself that the word of God is working in your life?
    - Furthermore, have you forgotten the various sins God has already removed from your life?
    - The behaviors you've already laid aside, the "threads" of the old self that you set down years ago?
  - Sanctification is a life-long process, and it takes time



- I'm not excusing laziness or neglect in our walk, but I'm saying what scripture says
- Ever more, continue laying aside that coat
- And let the renewing of your mind effect that change over time
- How many stories could we tell here at OHBC over the past 30 years?
  - How many people have come through these doors, sat under the teaching of God's word for years
  - And in the course of time, lives were changed
  - Marriages healed, addictions broken, lusts removed, hurts forgiven, anger cooled, resentment mollified, relationships restored
- Was it excellent preaching or stirring messages?
  - No, it was the simple truth of God's word faithfully preached in season and out of season
  - It was the renewing of our minds, learning Christ spiritually instead of simply making an outward show of religion
- And these are the things Paul expects to see changing in a church that set's its mind on learning Christ in the right way
  - A walk with Christ means changing a thousands areas of our live, but some sins are particularly harmful to the proper operation of the body
    - Since the start of this chapter, Paul's been emphasizing the need for unity in the body
    - So now he turns his attention to five sins that especially work against unity
  - Paul gives the church advice in countering these five sins against unity
    - Each command has three parts
    - Paul gives a negative command
    - Followed by a positive command
    - Then finally a justification for the positive command

[Eph. 4:25](#) Therefore, laying aside falsehood, speak truth each one of you with his neighbor, for we are members of one another.

[Eph. 4:26](#) be angry, and yet do not sin; do not let the sun go down on your anger,

[Eph. 4:27](#) and do not give the devil an opportunity.

[Eph. 4:28](#) He who steals must steal no longer; but rather he must labor, performing with his own hands what is good, so that he will have something to share with one who has need.

[Eph. 4:29](#) Let no unwholesome word proceed from your mouth, but only such a word as is good for edification according to the need of the moment, so that it will give grace to those who hear.

[Eph. 4:30](#) Do not grieve the Holy Spirit of God, by whom you were sealed for the day of redemption.

[Eph. 4:31](#) Let all bitterness and wrath and anger and clamor and slander be put away from you, along with all malice.

[Eph. 4:32](#) Be kind to one another, tender-hearted, forgiving each other, just as God in Christ also has forgiven you.

- First, Paul asks the church to set aside falsehood, or deception in the Greek
  - Deception is more than a spoken lie
    - It include anything that misrepresents reality, even flattery
    - Deception runs counter to the unity of the body, because it causes us to lose trust in one another
    - It's like that old garment re-emerges to cut us off from one another
  - Instead of deception, Paul gives the positive command to speak truth to one another
    - He quotes Zechariah when Lord told Israel something similar
    - God wanted Israel to unify around the truth, just as Paul wishes the same for the Church
    - Which is Paul's justification for his positive command, that we are members of one another
- Likewise, unrighteous anger drives a wedge between members of the body
  - Notice Paul starts by saying be angry

- Anger in this context means having a healthy sense of righteous indignation against sin
- We should get a little angry when sin exists in the body, just as God shows wrath against sin
- But then Paul gives the negative command not to sin
  - Paul makes a distinction between righteous forms of anger and sinful forms of anger
  - Anger itself is not wrong, as even Jesus displayed anger at times
  - But when the cause for our anger is not in keeping with righteousness, it is an expression of sin
- If we become angry for righteous reasons, we must seek to resolve the issue “before the sun goes down,” Paul says
  - I don’t believe Paul meant literally before nightfall
  - Rather it’s a colloquialism meaning in a timely manner
  - This is Paul’s positive command in the context of anger, and it ensure we don’t let anger get control or lead us astray
- We can’t let anger fester because it gives opportunity for the devil, Paul justifies in v.27
  - The devil has no spiritual power over us
    - Our spirit has been born again and united with Christ’s spirit
    - Therefore, the enemy’s dominion has been broken in our life
  - Nevertheless, he desires to see God’s people operate according to their old nature rather than in the new nature they’ve received
    - So he’s use any rope we give him to hang us
    - Anger may begin righteous, but if we fail to resolve the issue that created our anger in a timely manner, we take a risk
  - The enemy may turn our righteous anger into sin by leading us to grow resentful, jealous, spiteful, vindictive or worse
    - What may have begun as a righteous response to someone’s error has turned into sin itself

- And these consequences of misplaced or unresolved anger will split a church apart in no time
- Thirdly, Paul says thieves must stop stealing
  - Obviously, theft is wrong, but it can be especially devastating in the body of Christ
    - And that's the implication here
    - Paul is concerned about those who make a dishonest living and bring that behavior into the church
    - It's likely that behavior would only continue in the church , like with Judas among the apostles
    - This is another quick way to destroy the unity of the body by casting suspicions and distrust
  - Instead, everyone should labor performing his own work in a good and acceptable fashion
    - Not only will we avoid casting shame on the name of Christ, but we also restore trust and unity in the body
    - Moreover, if we all work in honest ways, we are adding to the combined resources of the church body
    - Rather than one person stealing from another, everyone is gaining
  - Which leads to Paul's justification that it means the church will have that much more to share with those in need
    - For that is central to the mission of the church to care for those who enter in by faith
    - Earning an honest wage is a part of meeting that mission
- Fourth, Paul directs that we not let an unwholesome word leave our mouths
  - The Greek word for unwholesome is literally counterfeit or worthless
    - Counterfeit currency is literally worthless, and so are certain kinds of speech
    - Gossip, innuendo, crude jokes or unfair remarks all have the potential to injure and weaken the body of Christ

- Even an idle, unthoughtful word might fall into this category
- So we should think carefully before speaking
  - Paul's positive command is to speak only what's good for edification according to the need of the moment
  - Edification means the strengthening of the body
  - And there are times when saying nothing is the best thing we can do to edify the body
- And our purpose in this command is simply to give grace to everyone
  - Grace means being nice to that person who hasn't necessary been nice to us
  - Refraining from a criticism against the person who deserve critique
  - Listening patiently to the long-winded, laughing at the joke the tenth time you've heard it
  - Showing grace to another by using carefully chosen words that edify
- Your Bible may not reflect this accurately, but Paul's justification for not speaking out of turn continues into v.30
  - In Greek, v.30 begins with the word "and" indicating Paul is connecting this thought to the prior thought
    - We wish to show grace to all in our speech because to do otherwise is to grieve the Holy Spirit
    - Since we have been shown grace through the Holy Spirit living us, don't grieve the Holy Spirit by failing to show that least grace to others
  - In this context, grieving the Spirit is similar to the parable Jesus taught in Matt 18 of the man who was himself forgiven a great debt but was unwilling to forgive a small debtor
    - Jesus said that the Lord expects us to be as ready to show grace to others as He was to us
    - This is a service we provide to God in thanks for His mercy

- So if we fail in that regard in something as simple as a kind word, we grieve the Holy Spirit
- The very One Who seals us by God's grace
- We will cover Paul's fifth command next time as we move into chapter
  - That leaves us for this morning reflecting on the need to lay aside the old, and put on the new by renewing our mind in the word
    - And as we walk our new walk, give special consideration to those sins that interfere with the unity of the body
    - For our participation in the body of Christ is the first mission of every believer
    - And it is your spiritual service of worship